## MATH 150A Winter 2020 - Problem Set 6

## due February 24

- 1. Let G be a group of order n that acts operates non-trivially on a set of size r. Prove that if n > r!, then G has a proper normal subgroup. (A *proper* subgroup of G is a subgroup that is neither trivial nor equal to G.)
- 2. (a) Prove that the transpositions  $(1\ 2), (2\ 3), \ldots, (n-1\ n)$  generate the symmetric group  $S_n$ .
  - (b) How many transpositions are needed to write the cycle  $(1 \ 2 \ 3 \cdots n)$ ?
  - (c) Prove that the cycle  $(1 \ 2 \ 3 \cdots n)$  and  $(1 \ 2)$  generate the symmetric group  $S_n$ .
- 3. Let  $\sigma$  be the 5-cycle (1 2 3 4 5) in  $S_5$ . Find the element  $\tau \in S_5$  which accomplishes the specified conjugation:
  - (a)  $\tau \sigma \tau^{-1} = \sigma^2$ ,
  - (b)  $\tau \sigma \tau^{-1} = \sigma^{-1}$ ,
  - (c)  $\tau \sigma \tau^{-1} = \sigma^{-2}$ .
- 4. Let C be the conjugacy class of an even permutation p in  $S_n$ . Show that C is either a conjugacy class in  $A_n$ , or else the union of two conjugacy classes in  $A_n$  of equal size. Explain how to decide which case occurs in terms of the centralizer of p.
- 5. Find the class equation for  $S_6$  and give a representative for each conjugacy class.
- 6. Let G be a group of order 200. Prove that G has a normal Sylow 5-subgroup.
- 7. Let G be a group of order 105. Prove that G has a proper normal subgroup.